

Anilox Basics Care & Maintenance

Flexography is a Process

- Ink
- Anilox
- Metering Roll
- Doctor Blades
- Chamber
- End Seals

- Artwork
- Prepress
- Plate
- Mounting Tape
- Substrate
- Printing Press
- Operator / Printer



Incoming Inspection

- Inspect crate:
 - Damaged?
 - Take pictures
 - Reject / Do not sign
- Inspect wrapping:
 - Corrugated
 - Kraft paper





Proper Anilox Roll Handling

- Keep roll covered
- Measure to center
- Choke with nylon strap
- Check balance
- Move with caution
- Carefully slit tape
- Remove covers
- Inspect surface



Anilox Roll Identification

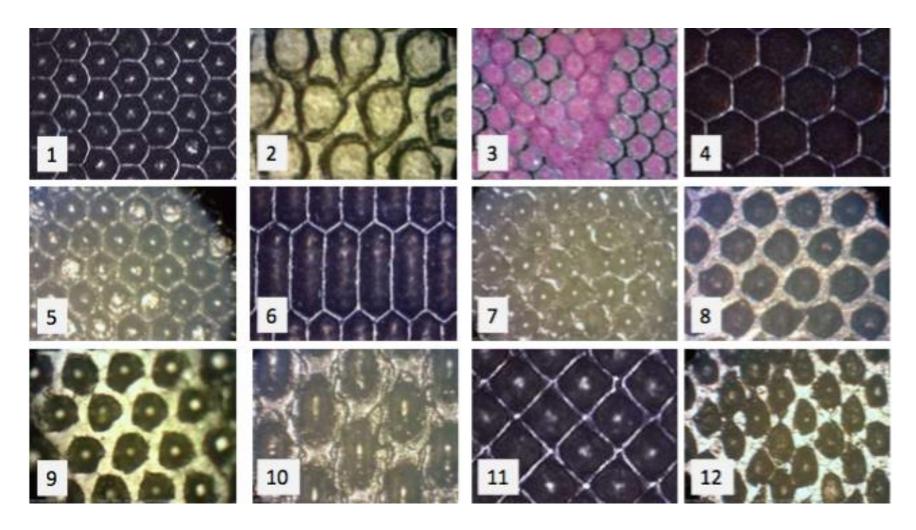
- Serial Number
- Volume (BCM)
 - capacity in square inch
- Cell Shape
 - 75°,60°,30° Hex, Quad, Trihelical
- Line Count
 - # of cells per inch







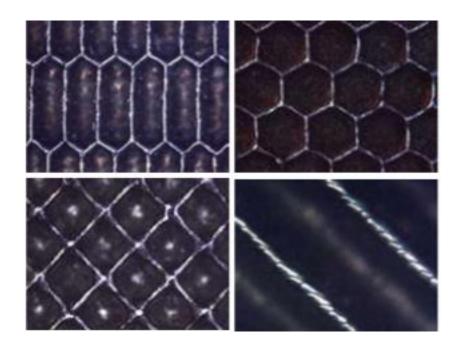
What is good engraving?





What is good engraving?

- Ceramic
 - Dense
 - Hard
- Thin Cell Walls
- Accurate
- Consistent





Anilox Roll Life

Depends on many factors

Specified, manufactured, used and maintained

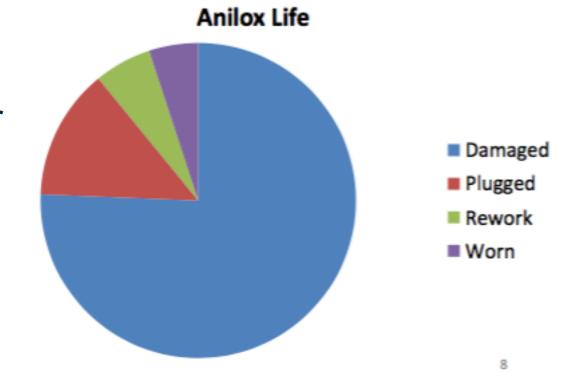
properly

- 3 to 5 years

Premature wear

Damage

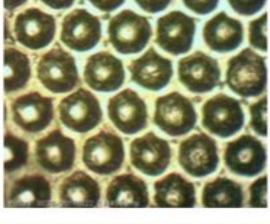
Plugged rolls

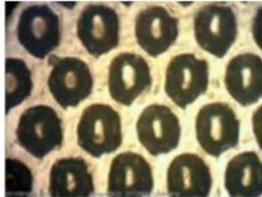


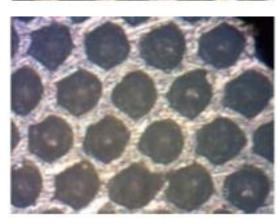
Wear

- As engraving wears:
 - walls get wider
 - surface shines
 - cells get shallower
 - lower volume
 - less color











Anilox Roll Damage

75%? Of all anilox rolls are damaged!

Before they wear out!

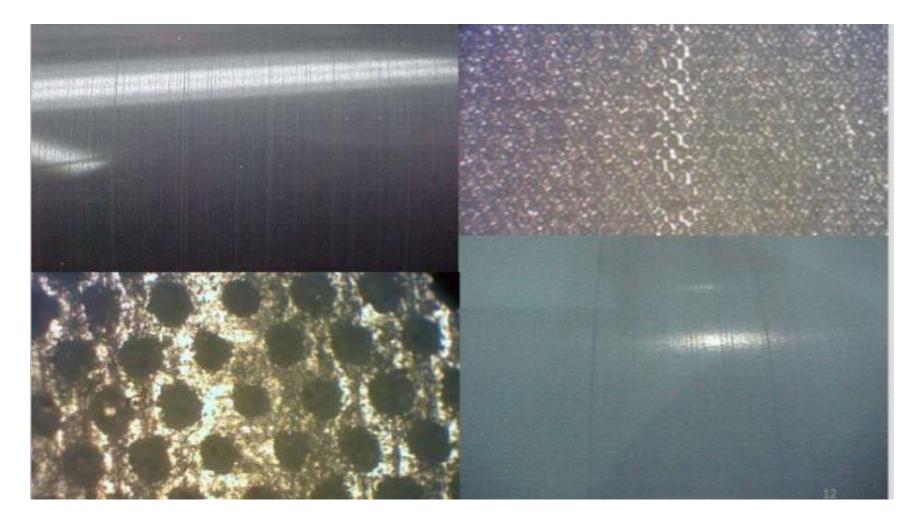


Anilox Roll Damage

- Impact
 - ceramic very hard / brittle
- Improper Handling
- Improper Cleaning
- Contamination / Score lines
- Premature Wear



Anilox Roll Damage Score Lines





Housekeeping

Well maintained
press rooms, printing presses
and anilox rolls
have fewer maintenance and
print issues



Anilox Care & Maintenance

Any scratch, spot or stain on the engraved ceramic surface will typically show in the print whether structural or cosmetic!



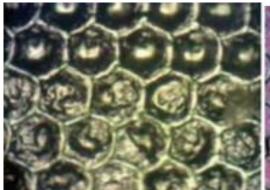
Anilox Plugging

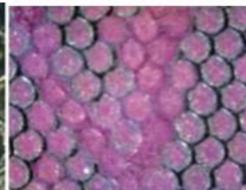
50% of ink remains after impression (hydraulics, pneumatics, surface tension & rheology)

- Poor ink maintenance
- Poor cleaning practices
- Keep fans off print stations
- Engraved too deep
- Poor cell shape











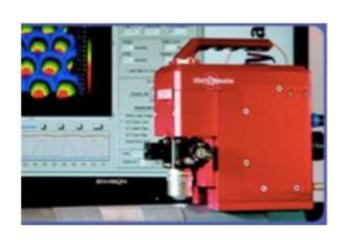
If you cannot see and inspect the engraved surface of the anilox roll....

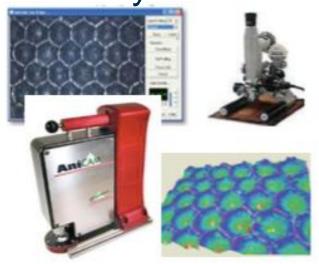
- How do you know it is plugged?
- How do you know if it is clean?
- How do you know if manual cleaning worked?
- How do you know if standard off press cleaning
- procedures are required?
- How do you know that you are not damaging the engraved surface?



Inspection Capability

- 60-100 x hand held scope
- 10 200 / 500x USB Microscope camera
- Gravure microscope
- Interfeometric measurement system











- When should I clean my anilox rolls?
- How should I clean my anilox rolls?
- Who should clean my anilox rolls?
- What should I use to clean my anilox rolls?
- How frequently should I clean my anilox roll?

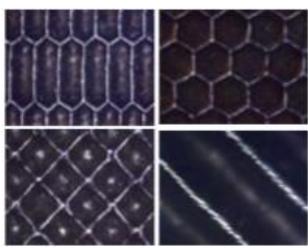


- Stainless Steel Brush
- Cleaners / Chemistry
- On-Press cleaning systems
- Off-Press cleaning systems
- Inspect Before and After



Cleaning & Inspection

- Know the original cell characteristics
 - Incoming inspection
- High power magnification
- Inspect before cleaning
- Inspect after cleaning
- Document condition over time





Cleaning the anilox roll while the ink is wet will minimize or eliminate the need for off-press cleaning systems.

Off press cleaning processes should be a supplement to good on press cleaning procedures!



Stainless Steel Brush

- 0.003" Bristles (300 / 79)
- Keep clean and in good condition
- Scrub with appropriate detergent
- Scrub in a circular motion
- Inspect before and after
- Clean after each use
 - Brass brushes are for chrome rolls



On Press Cleaning

- Manual
 - Stainless steel brush
- Auto wash up cycles
 - Detergent
 - Solvent
- Off Press Cleaning
 - As required
 Standard operating procedures must be developed internally



Off Press Cleaning Systems
Sodium Bicarbonate Blast
Ultrasonic Tank
Flexowash
MicroClean
Dry Ice Blast
Laser

Standard operating procedures must be developed internally.



Anilox Care & Handling

- Handle rolls carefully
- No sharp or hard tools
- Keep rolls circulating (fresh ink)
- Clean rolls thoroughly every time used
- Use correct brush
- View cells with magnification (before/after)
- Keep rolls covered (when not in use)
- Store rolls safely (crate or rack)



Doctor Blade Material

- Carbon steel
 - Water, Solvent & UV Ink Systems
- Plastic
 - Corrugated Industry
 - Retaining Blades
 - Safety
- Composite
- Stainless steel
 - Corrosive environments

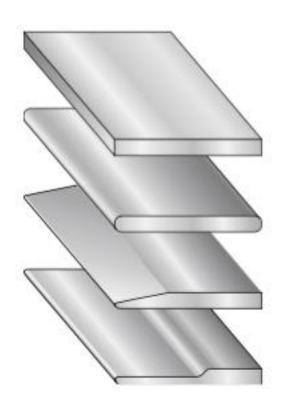


Doctor Blade Thickness

- Application determines appropriate thickness
 - Process, combinations, solids or coatings
- In theory, thinner is better (process)
- Thinner blades wipe more efficiently
- Thinner blades more easily over-impressed
- Is thinnest best?
- Thicker blades allow thicker film of ink



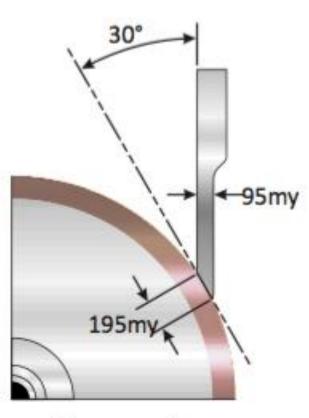
Blade Types: Tip Configurations



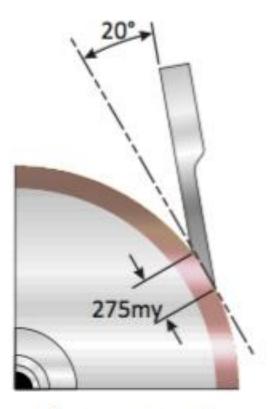
- Square Edge
- Radius Edge
- Beveled Edge
- Stepped Tip



Correct Blade Application Angle



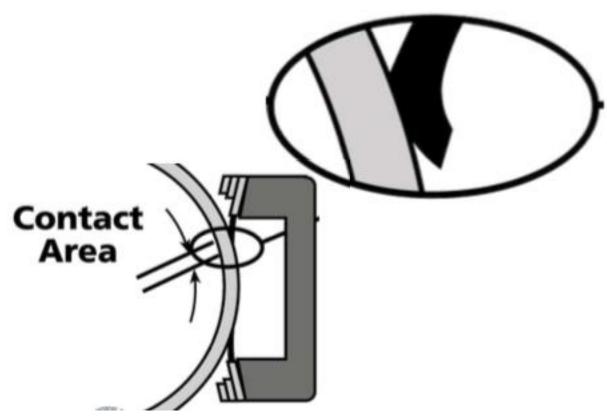
Correct



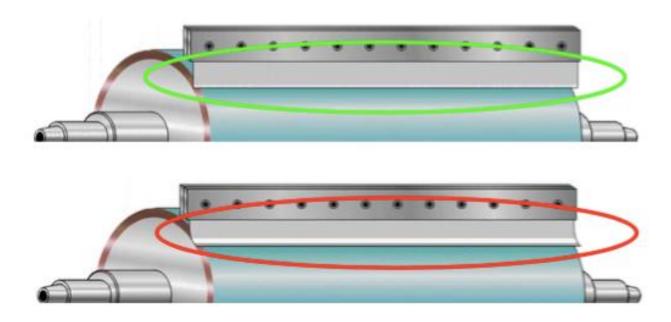
Incorrect

Incorrect Blade Pressure





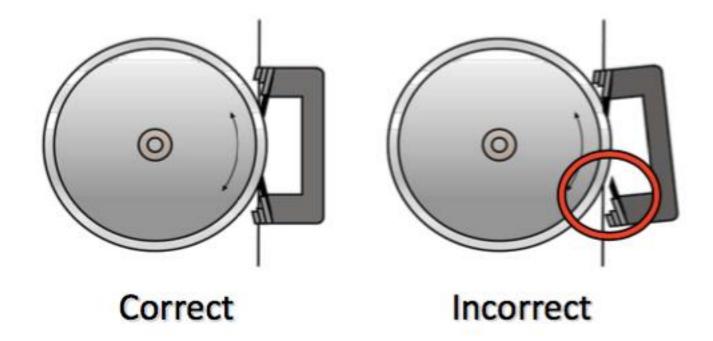
Correct Pressure Shears Contamination



- Excessive pressure traps foreign particles
- Causing streaks and score lines!

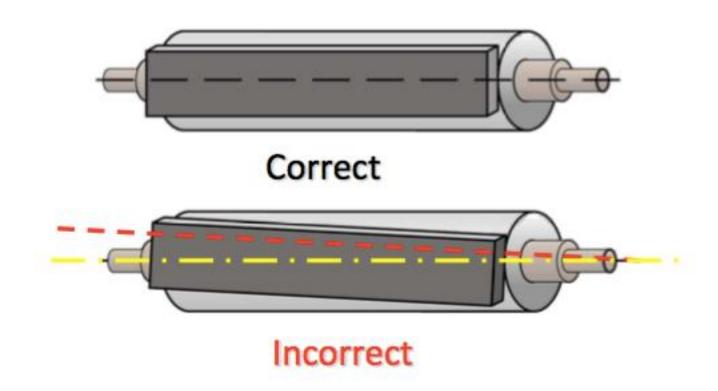


Vertical Chamber Alignment



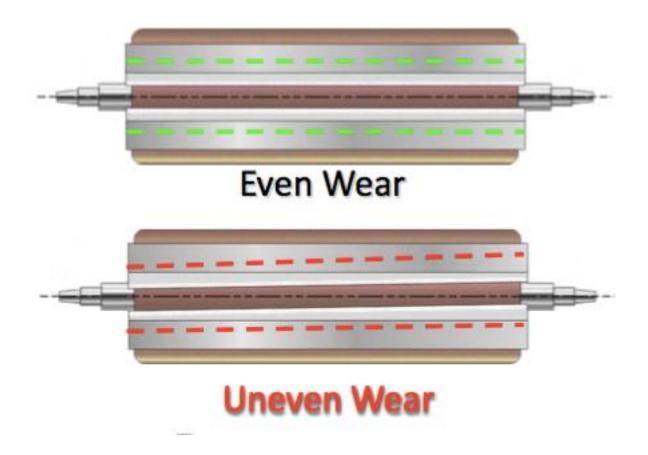


Horizontal Chamber Alignment





Check Used Blades





Doctor Blade: Application

- Set / maintain parallel
- Set / maintain application angle
- Minimal pressure to get clean wipe
- Know when to change blades
- Reset impression after change-out
- Keep blade holders clean
- Clamp blades without waves
- Inspect used blades



Wavy Blades

- Dirty holder
- Damaged holder
- Wrong tightening sequence
- Blade too long for holder
- Missing bolts
- Wrong blade material





Thank You